CLAIM AMENDMENTS CLEANED UP AND RENUMBERED

1. A proton-conducting membrane designed to serve as an electrolyte in a fuel cell, which membrane consists essentially of

a single metal or metal hydride support, wherein

one or both faces of said support is coated with an electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating, which coating consists of an inorganic material that contains no liquid phase, said coating having a thickness such that the area-specific resistance for protons is in the range of $0.01\text{-}100~\Omega.\text{cm}^2$ at at least one temperature between 220°C and 550°C,

wherein the metal or metal in the metal hydride is selected from the group consisting of Pd, PdAg, PdCu, Ti, LaNi₅, TiFe and CrV₂, V/Ni/Ti, V/Ni and V/Ti.

2. A proton-conducting membrane designed to serve as an electrolyte in a fuel cell, which membrane consists essentially of

a single metal or metal hydride support, wherein

one or both faces of said support is coated with an electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating, which coating consists of an inorganic material that contains no liquid phase, said coating having a thickness such that the area-specific resistance for protons is in the range of $0.01\text{-}100~\Omega.\text{cm}^2$ at at least one temperature between 220°C and 550°C,

wherein the electronically-insulating proton conductor coating is selected from the group consisting of:

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mesoporous zirconium phosphate pyrophosphate, Zr(P_2O_7)_{0.81}; Ba_3Ca_{1.18}Nb_{1.82}O_{8.73}-H_2O; Cs_5H_3(SO_4)_4.0.5H_2O; a hydrate of SnCl_2; silver iodide tetratungstate Ag_{26}I_{18}W_4O_{16}; KH_2PO_4; tetraammonium dihydrogen triselenate, (NH_4)_4H_2(SeO_4)_3; CsDSO_4;
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CsH₂PO₄;

 $Sr[Zr_{0.9}Y_{0.1}]O_{3-\delta};$

a silica-polyphosphate composite containing ammonium ions;

 $La_{0.9}Sr_{0.1}Sc_{0.9}Mg_{0.1}O_3$; and

BaCe_{0.9-x}Zr_xM_{0.1}O_{3- δ} where M is Gd or Nd and x = 0 to 0.4.

3. A proton-conducting membrane designed to serve as an electrolyte in a fuel cell, which membrane consists essentially of

a single metal or metal hydride support, wherein

one or both faces of said support is coated with an electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating, which coating consists of an inorganic material that contains no liquid phase, said coating having a thickness such that the area-specific resistance for protons is in the range of $0.01\text{-}100~\Omega.\text{cm}^2$ at at least one temperature between 220°C and 550°C,

wherein the electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating consists of

 $Ba_3Ca_{1.18}Nb_{1.82}O_{8.73}-H_2O;$

 CsH_2PO_4 ;

 $Sr[Zr_{0.9}Y_{0.1}]O_{3-\delta};$

polyphosphate composite containing 19.96 wt% NH₄⁺, 29.3 wt% P, 1.51 wt% Si;

 $La_{0.9}Sr_{0.1}Sc_{0.9}Mg_{0.1}O_{3}$; or

BaCe_{0.9-x}Zr_xM_{0.1}O_{3- δ} where M is Gd or Nd and x = 0 to 0.4.

4. A proton-conducting membrane designed to serve as an electrolyte in a fuel cell, which membrane consists essentially of

a single metal or metal hydride support, wherein

one or both faces of said support is coated with an electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating, which coating consists of an inorganic material that contains no liquid phase, said coating having a thickness such that the area-specific resistance for protons is in the range of $0.01\text{-}100\ \Omega.\text{cm}^2$ at at least one temperature between 220°C and 550°C,

wherein the area-specific resistance for protons at at least one temperature between 220°C and 550°C is about $0.150~\Omega.cm^2$.

5. A proton-conducting membrane designed to serve as an electrolyte in a fuel cell, which membrane consists essentially of

a single metal or metal hydride support, wherein

one or both faces of said support is coated with an electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating, which coating consists of an inorganic material that contains no liquid phase, said coating having a thickness such that the ASR for protons at at least one temperature between 220°C and 550°C is in the range shown for Nafion® 117 in Figure 10:

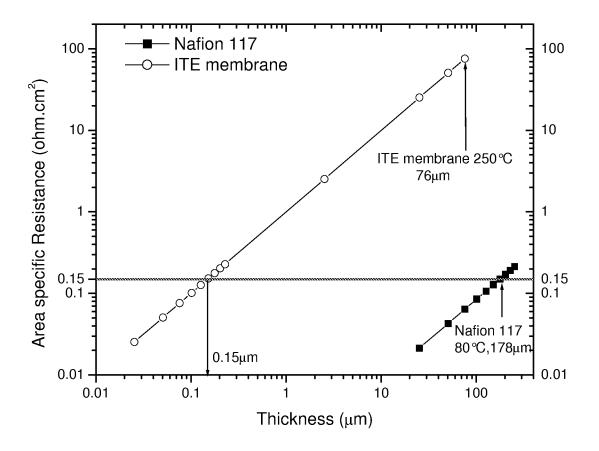


Figure 10;

wherein the metal or metal in the metal hydride is selected from the group consisting of Pd, PdAg, PdCu, Ti, LaNi₅, TiFe and CrV₂, V/Ni/Ti, V/Ni and V/Ti.

6. A proton-conducting membrane designed to serve as an electrolyte in a fuel cell, which membrane consists essentially of

a single metal or metal hydride support, wherein

one or both faces of said support is coated with an electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating, which coating consists of an inorganic material that contains no liquid phase, said coating having a thickness such that the ASR for protons at at least one temperature between 220°C and 550°C is in the range shown for Nafion® 117 in Figure 10:

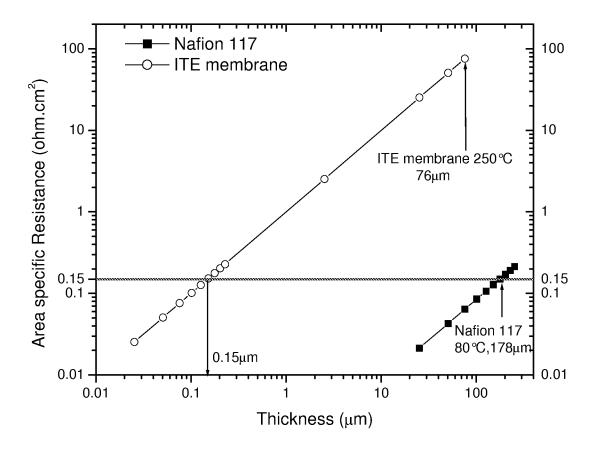


Figure 10;

wherein the electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating is selected from the group consisting of:

mesoporous zirconium phosphate pyrophosphate, $Zr(P_2O_7)_{0.81}$;

 $Ba_3Ca_{1.18}Nb_{1.82}O_{8.73}-H_2O;$

 $Cs_5H_3(SO_4)_4.0.5H_2O;$

a hydrate of SnCl₂;

silver iodide tetratungstate Ag₂₆I₁₈W₄O₁₆;

 KH_2PO_4 ;

tetraammonium dihydrogen triselenate, (NH₄)₄H₂(SeO₄)₃;

CsDSO₄;

CsH₂PO₄;

 $Sr[Zr_{0.9}Y_{0.1}]O_{3-\delta};$

a silica-polyphosphate composite containing ammonium ions;

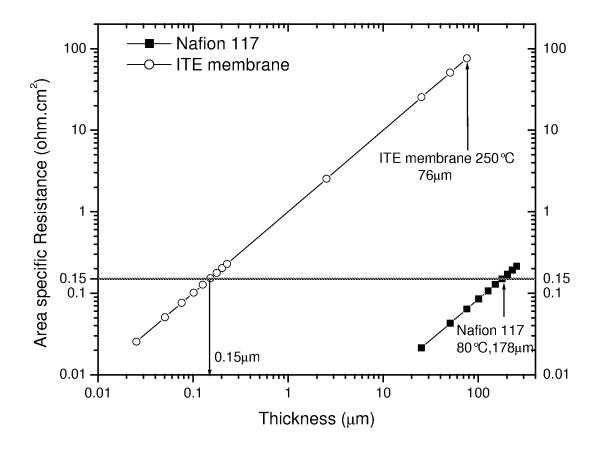
 $La_{0.9}Sr_{0.1}Sc_{0.9}Mg_{0.1}O_3$; and

BaCe_{0.9-x}Zr_xM_{0.1}O_{3- δ} where M is Gd or Nd and x = 0 to 0.4.

7. A proton-conducting membrane designed to serve as an electrolyte in a fuel cell, which membrane consists essentially of

a single metal or metal hydride support, wherein

one or both faces of said support is coated with an electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating, which coating consists of an inorganic material that contains no liquid phase, said coating having a thickness such that the ASR for protons at at least one temperature between 220°C and 550°C is in the range shown for Nafion® 117 in Figure 10:



 $\label{eq:Figure 10} Figure~10;$ wherein the electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating consists of $Ba_3Ca_{1.18}Nb_{1.82}O_{8.73}\text{-}H_2O;$

CsH₂PO₄;

 $Sr[Zr_{0.9}Y_{0.1}]O_{3-\delta};$

polyphosphate composite containing 19.96 wt% NH₄⁺, 29.3 wt% P, 1.51 wt% Si;

 $La_{0.9}Sr_{0.1}Sc_{0.9}Mg_{0.1}O_3$; or

 $BaCe_{0.9-x}Zr_xM_{0.1}O_{3-\delta}$ where M is Gd or Nd and x=0 to 0.4.

8. A proton-conducting membrane designed to serve as an electrolyte in a fuel cell, which membrane consists essentially of

a single metal or metal hydride support, wherein

one or both faces of said support is coated with an electronically-insulating proton-conducting coating, which coating consists of an inorganic material that contains no liquid phase, said coating having a thickness such that the ASR for protons at at least one temperature between 220°C and 550°C is in the range shown for Nafion® 117 in Figure 10:

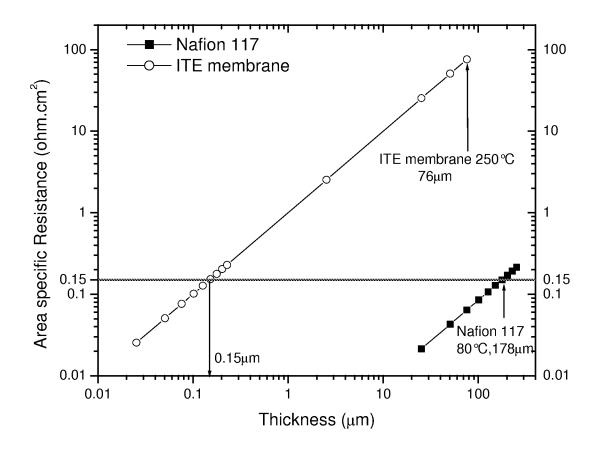


Figure 10;

wherein the area-specific resistance for protons at at least one temperature between 220°C and 550°C is about $0.150~\Omega.cm^2$.